

## Porting "real" applications to OpenVMS I64

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#### Agenda

- Porting Overview
- Conditionalized code
- IEEE Floating-Point
- Build tools
- Miscellaneous topics
- Using the XDELTA debugger
- Next steps...







## Porting to OpenVMS I64

- Porting applications to I64 is easy
- Re compile
- Re link
- Test (if you must)

#### Don't believe me?

#### See what other customers had to say





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## Porting to OpenVMS I64

- Major changes in the O/S
  - -Different primitives
  - -Different default floating point standard
  - -New compilers
  - -New image format
  - -New calling standard
  - -No console/PAL code

## Most changes are transparent but some might affect your application

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## Porting to OpenVMS I64

- The purpose of this presentation is to use the experience we gained porting the base O/S, to ease the porting of your application.
  - We are trying to cover the most common issues.
     It is possible that you will encounter something not covered here.
- One more time....for most applications ....recompile and relink will do.....



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#### Conditionalized code

- This is the first (and easiest) step to take
   Usually, IA64 should take what used to be the Alpha code path.
  - In some cases, IA64 specific code path should be added

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <arch_defs>
void main()
{
#ifdef __vax
printf("This is the VAX codepath");
#endif
#ifdef __alpha
printf("This is not the VAX codepath");
}
```



#### Conditionalized code

 Macro .IF DF ALPHA .IF DF IA64 .ENDC

FNDC

• C / C++ #ifdef \_\_alpha #ifdef \_\_ia64 #endif

#endif

 Bliss %IF ALPHA %THEN %IF IA64 %THEN %FI %FI

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## Conditionalized code - example

IPL31> type arch\_test.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <arch_defs>
void main()
{
#ifdef ___vax
        printf("This will be printed on VAX\n");
#endif
#ifdef ALPHA
        printf("This will be printed on Alpha\n");
#endif
#ifdef __ia64
        printf("This will be printed on IA64\n");
#endif
#ifndef ___vax
       printf("This program is not running on VAX");
#endif
}
```





#### Conditionalized code

#### **Executed on IA64 system**

IPL31> write sys\$output f\$getsyi("arch\_name") IA64 IPL31> r arch\_test This will be printed on IA64 This program is not running on VAX IPL31>

#### **Executed on Alpha system**

MIKAXP> write sys\$output f\$getsyi("arch\_name") Alpha MIKAXP> r arch\_test This will be printed on Alpha This program is not running on VAX

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### **IEEE** floating- point

- Itanium supports only IEEE floating-point in hardware
- On IA64 IEEE floating-point is the default floating point format for the compilers.
  - VAX floating point formats supported when specified as a switch to the compilers

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The compilers generate code to call conversion routines (performance hit).

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#### **IEEE** floating- point

- To use IEEE change the source to use S & T versions of the APIs.
  - Some functions (like sin, cos,....) already know how to handle IEEE and require no changes to the application.
- Q: My application uses F-float. I'm currently porting it to 164, I'm excited enough about the new architecture and I don't want to make any source changes for now. What can I do?

A: Have no fear....HP OpenVMS engineering are here...

Let's take a look at a real example.....

```
$ ty float_test.c
#include <stdio.h>
#include <libdtdef.h>
#include <descrip>
#include <ssdef>
// prototypes
int lib$cvtf_to_internal_time();
int sys$fao();
int lib$put output();
int lib$signal();
                                                                                   Convert seconds to delta time
static $DESCRIPTOR (fao_desc, "Converted delta time: !%T");
main () {
 float f1;
 unsigned long long int delta1;
 int status;
char output[50]={0};
 struct dsc$descriptor_s outdesc;
 short int length;
 //init the descriptor
 outdesc.dsc$w_length = sizeof(output);
 outdesc.dsc$a_pointer = (char *)&output;
 outdesc.dsc$b_class = DSC$K_CLASS_S;
outdesc.dsc$b_dtype = DSC$K_DTYPE_T;
 f1 = 156.45;
 printf("This program converts %f seconds to delta timen, fl):
 status = lib$cvtf to internal time(&LIB$K DELTA SECONDS F, &f1, &deltal);
 if (!(status&1))
        lib$signal(status);
 if ((sys$fao(&fao_desc,&length,&outdesc,&delta1))&1)
        lib$put_output(&outdesc);
}
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                                                                                                                            15
```

#### Executed on Alpha:

AXP> cc float\_test
AXP> link float\_test
AXP> r float\_test
This program converts 156.449997 seconds to delta time
Converted delta time: 00:02:36.44

#### Executed on IA64:

I64> cc float test I64> link float\_test I64> r float\_test This program converts 156.449997 seconds to delta time %LIB-F-IVTIME, invalid time passed in, or computed %TRACE-F-TRACEBACK, symbolic stack dump follows module routine line rel PC image abs PC FLOAT\_TEST 000000000010240 000000000010240 FLOAT\_TEST 0000000000100D0 0000000000100D0 0000000000000000 FFFFFFF80B1A030



00000000000000 0000000000007AE1BEE0



```
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```

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### **IEEE** floating- point

- On IA64, the default value for the /FLOAT qualifier is IEEE\_FLOAT. This program relies on the binary representation of the floating point value and therefore it fails on IA64.
- Compiled on IA64 with /FLOAT=G\_FLOAT forced the compiler to use the default Alpha representation. No code changes are required in this case but there is some runtime cost.
- To use IEEE floating point representation, this program should be modified to use LIB\$CVTS\_TO\_INTERNAL\_TIME
- LIB\$WAIT is another common example where floating point conversion may become an issue...let's take a look....

```
AXP> ty wait.c
#include <stdio.h>
main()
{
float wait=7.0;
       printf("Waiting 7 seconds\n");
       lib$wait(&wait,0,0);
       printf("I'm done wainting..ciao...\n");
       return 0;
}
Executed on Alpha:
AXP> cc wait
AXP> link wait
AXP> r wait
Waiting 7 seconds
I'm done wainting..ciao...
```

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```
Executed on 164:
```

```
I64> cc wait
I64> link wait
I64> r wait
Waiting 7 seconds
%SYSTEM-F-FLTINV, floating invalid operation, PC=FFFFFFF82142760, PS=000001B
%TRACE-F-TRACEBACK, symbolic stack dump follows
         module routine
                                        line
                                                  rel PC
                                                                   abs PC
image
                                             00000000016C752 FFFFFFF82142752
LIBRTL
                                             00000000020F430 FFFFFFF821E5430
LIBRTL
                                             00000000010250 000000000010250
WAIT
WAIT
                                             00000000010180 000000000010180
                                             000000000000000 FFFFFFF80B1A030
```

The default floating point format used by LIB\$WAIT is  $F_FLOAT$ , which does not match the default floating point format used on I64 (S\_FLOAT)

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000000000000000 00000007AE1BEE0



```
I64> ty wait_common.c
#include <stdio.h>
#include <arch_defs>
#include <libwaitdef>
main()
{
float wait=7.0;
#ifdef __alpha
        int mask = LIB$K_VAX_F;
#endif
#ifdef __ia64
        int mask = LIB$K_IEEE_S;
#endif
        printf("Waiting 7 seconds\n");
        lib$wait(&wait,0,&mask);
        printf("I'm done wainting..ciao...\n");
        return 0;
}
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```



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## **Build tools**



- The port to Itanium requires that applications will be built using the latest versions of the compilers
  - Some applications being built with older versions might see some issues introduced by changes to the compilers and even bugfixes within the compilers.
  - For example Older versions of Bliss used to return completion status for functions defined NOVALUE (similar to C void)
    - On I64 this has been fixed and some utilities failed
  - You might get away with relying on uninitialized variables, but on I64 you will be severely punished
- Try building your application on Alpha, using the latest version of the compilers you are using to uncover any hidden bugs/changes. This will make the move to the new platform easier.

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#### Example – Moving from F77 to F90



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 When using double precision float (REAL\*8) for doing direct assignment (a=5.3)

F77 uses double precision

F90 uses single precision.

The result is slightly further away from the real 5.3 value.

- A computation will produce a different result with no error signaled.
- Possible solutions:
  - Fix the coding bug, as the assignment is wrong.
    - Change the assignment to a=5.3D0 or a=5.3\_8
    - 5.3D0 works for both F77 and F90
  - Compile using the /ASSUME=FP\_CONSTANT switch



#### Example – Moving from F77 to F90

IPL31> ty float.for REAL\*8 TEST TEST = 5.3PRINT 100, TEST 100 FORMAT(F, ' assigned as TEST = 5.3 ') TEST = 5.3D0PRINT 200, TEST 200 FORMAT(F,' assigned as TEST = 5.3D0') END IPL31> for float IPL31> link float IPL31> r float 5.3000001907348633 assigned as TEST = 5.3 5.2999999999999998 assigned as TEST = 5.3D0 IPL31> for/assume=fp\_const float IPL31> link float IPL31> r float 5.2999999999999998 assigned as TEST = 5.3 5.2999999999999998 assigned as TEST = 5.3D0 11/10/2005 European Technical Update Days

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## Fortran compile time initialization



- This problem does not exist on Alpha
- Perform data initialization at runtime or move the initialized data to a smaller common block to avoid the problem

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```
Improperly declared functions and data
```

- C function declarations that points to objects that are not functions, may work on Alpha but will fail to work on IA64
   Also seen with Bliss and Fortran
- The problem may manifest itself in many ways
   For whatever reason, the most common symptom is a call to routine CLI\$DCL PARSE that fails with CLI-E-INVTAB

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## Improperly declared functions and data



Another example, LIB\$TABLE\_PARSE failing with syntax error when the state table and/or key table addresses were declared as a function

```
VMS> diff src$:SJ_PARSE_DESCRIP.C;3
   File WORK4:[SRC]SJ_PARSE_DESCRIP.C;3
   18 extern int parse_state, parse_key; /* parse table */
   19
   *****
   File WORK4:[SRC]SJ_PARSE_DESCRIP.C;2
   18 extern int parse_state(), parse_key(); /* parse table */
   19
   *********
   *********
   File WORK4:[SRC]SJ_PARSE_DESCRIP.C;3
51 status = lib$table_parse(&tpablk, &parse_state, &parse_key);
   52
   File WORK4:[SRC]SJ_PARSE_DESCRIP.C;2
51 status = lib$table_parse(&tpablk, parse_state, parse_key);
   52
*******
  Number of difference sections found: 2
Number of difference records found: 2
  DIFFERENCES /IGNORE=()/MERGED=1-
WORK4:[SRC]SJ_PARSE_DESCRIP.C;3-
WORK4:[SRC]SJ_PARSE_DESCRIP.C;2
```

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# Improperly declared functions and data



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The Fortran variant of the fix would be

CDEC\$ ATTRIBUTES EXTERN :: MY\_CLD

#### The Linker detects this condition

%ILINK-I-DIFTYPE, symbol TEST\_CLD of type OBJECT cannot be referenced as type FUNC module: TEST

file: \$1\$DKC600:[IA64]TEST.OBJ;2



### C++ Default Model

- The default value for the /MODEL qualifier is ARM on Alpha and ANSI on IA64
- /MODEL is ignored on IA64
  - ANSI is the only supported format
  - May require changes to existing code
    - See the C++ release notes for full details:

http://h71000.www7.hp.com/commercial/cplus/I64\_doc/rni64.html

- Compiled with /MODEL=ARM string literals are of type "array of char"
- Compiled with /MODEL=ANSI string literals are of type "array of const char"

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|--------|--|--|----------------------------|
|        |  |  |                            |
|        |  |  |                            |
| \$     | type error.cxx   |  |                            |
| #      | include <iostream.h< td=""><td>&gt;</td><td>ap)</td></iostream.h<> | >  | ap)                        |
| đ<br>{ | ouble divide (doubl  | e x, double y)   | invent                     |
|        | if (y==0)  |  |                            |
|        | thro   | w "divide by 0";   |                            |
|        | else   |  | Simple Execution Signaling |
|        | retu   | rn (x/y);  | Simple Exception Signaling |
| }      |  |  |                            |
| v<br>r | oid main()   |  |                            |
| ٤      | +  |  |                            |
|        | CLY  | << 15/2 = 1 < cdivide(5, 0, 2, 0) < cdivid | and].                      |
|        | cout   | <<"5/2= < <divide(5.0,2.0)<<< td=""><td>endl:</td></divide(5.0,2.0)<<<>  | endl:                      |
|        | cout   | <<"5/1="< <divide(5.0,1.0)<<e< td=""><td>endl;</td></divide(5.0,1.0)<<e<>  | endl;                      |
|        | }  |  | -                          |
|        | -  |  |                            |
|        | catch (char  | *msg){   |                            |
|        | Couter   | msaccendl•   |                            |
|        | }  |  |                            |
|        | L  |  |                            |
|        | cout<<"end o   | f main"< <endl;< td=""><td></td></endl;<>  |                            |
| }      |  |  |                            |
| -      |  |  |                            |
|        |  |  |                            |

#### Executed on Alpha:

AXP> cxx error AXP> cxxlink error AXP> r error 5/2=2.5 5/0=divide by 0 end of main

#### Executed on IA64:

I64> cxx error I64> cxxlink error I64> r error 5/2=2.5%CXXL-F-TERMINATE, terminate() or unexpected() called %TRACE-F-TRACEBACK, symbolic stack dump follows rel PC module routine abs PC line image TRACEBACK - Exception occurred during traceback processing CXXLSLANGRTL 0 000000000054B90 FFFFF802090C0B90 TRACEBACK - Exception occurred during traceback processing CXXL\$LANGRTL 0 000000000041190 FFFFF802090AD190 0 FFFFFFF803DD150 FFFFFFF803DD150 module routine line image rel PC abs PC TRACEBACK - Exception occurred during traceback processing CXXL\$LANGRTL 0 0000000000415B0 FFFFF802090AD5B0 TRACEBACK - Exception occurred during traceback processing 0 000000000054280 FFFFF802090C0280 CXXLSLANGRTL #5 000000000000160 00000000000101E0 ERROR ERROR divide #13 00000000000320 000000000103A0 ERROR ERROR main ERROR ERROR ELF\$TFRADR #1788 00000000000730 000000000107B0 0 FFFFFFFF80B6C630 FFFFFFF80B6C630 DCL 0 0000000006BD20 00000007AE25D20 %TRACE-I-LINENUMBER, Leading '#' specifies a source file record number. %TRACE-I-END, end of TRACE stack dump 5/0=

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```
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```

## Here is a modified version that will work on both Platforms:







## C++ Optimization

- Default optimization options are consistent with Alpha.
- Programs using floating point should try compiling with /assume=(noaccuracy\_sensitive,nomatherrno)
  - Result changing optimizations are not turned on by default
  - Similar optimization to Intel Linux compiler
- Try /opt=level=5
  - More aggressive optimization
  - Main differences are for floating point code but might benefit integer as well.

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## C++ long pointers

- Long pointers currently ignored by the C++ compiler
  - Only affecting C++

```
$ ty long.cxx
main ()
{
    int *y;
}
$ cxx/point=long long.cxx
```

%CXX-W-NOPTR64, 64-bit pointers are not supported in this release on this platform. 32-bit pointers will be used.





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#### Hardware Model

The hardware model for all IA64 systems is set to 4096
 HW model is set to 0 in E8.1 and E8.2

```
I64> write sys$output f$getsyi("hw_name")
HP rx2600 (900MHz/1.5MB)
I64> write sys$output f$getsyi("hw_model")
4096
```

- Any code relying on the hardware model of the system has to change.
- SHOW MEMORY used to determine the page size based on the following algorithm:

if (hardware\_model>=1024)

page\_size=8192;

else page\_size=512;

 SHOW MEMORY has been modified to use the SYI\$\_PAGE\_SIZE item code on VAX/Alpha and IA64.

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IMACRO



- We now use Intel's software conventions
- IA64 only preserves register R4-R7 across routine calls (Alpha preserves R2-R15)
- For programs written in high-level languages (like C,Bliss) this difference is not visible.
- When MACRO-32 programs added you have to start worrying about how to pass register parameters between languages.
- High-level languages might trash a register IMACRO assumed to be preserved (and vice versa)
- Please reference the IMACRO porting guide for more details



#### **IMACRO** - coding changes

JSB\_ENTRYs that reference R16-R21should be changed to .CALL\_ENTRYs that reference n(AP)

```
XFC_COMPARE_QIOS:
.JSB_ENTRY
MOVL (R16),R0
MOVL (R17),R1
EVAX_SUBQ CFS$Q_TOTALQIOS(R0),-
CFS$Q_TOTALQIOS(R1),R0
RSB
XFC_COMPARE_QIOS:
CALL ENTRY
```

```
.CALL_ENTRY
MOVL @4(ap),R0
MOVL @8(ap),R1
EVAX_SUBQ CFS$Q_TOTALQIOS(R0),-
CFS$Q_TOTALQIOS(R1),R0
```

RET

 Code that is moving data in R16-R21 and then perform a JSB should be modified to use \$SETUP\_CALL64 and \$CALL64

```
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```

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```
IMACRO - coding changes
```

- MACRO32 JSBs to any other language (Bliss/C) routines
  - If IMACRO can't determine the language of a target JSB, the following message will be generated:
  - JSB (R6) ;ALLOCATE AND INSERT ENTRY IN SYMBOL TABLE %IMAC-I-CODGENINF, (1) Indirect JSB with default linkage
  - USE\_LINKAGE directive with the LANGUAGE=OTHER option tells iMacro that the target routine is written in a language other than IMACRO. IMACRO will than save and restore R2,R3,R8-R15 around the JSB except for registers in the output mask.
  - It is recommended to add a USE\_LINKAGE statement prior to the JSB call

.use\_linkage language=other (or language=macro if the target routine is in MACRO) JSB (R6)





#### **IMACRO** - coding changes

#### MACRO32 CALL/CALLG to non-standard routines

- A non standard routine (written in Bliss C or MACRO) returns a value in a register other than R0 or R1
- Since IMACRO saves and restores R2,R3,R8-R15, the returned value may be overridden
- .CALL\_LINKAGE or .USE\_LINKAGE should be used in every module that calls the non standard routine.

#### For example, .CALL LINKAGE RTN NAME=FOO\$BAR, OUTPUT=<R3,R8,R10>

- The call linkage needs only to appear once in every module
- The USE LINKAGE directive will be used only once
- Here is a small example from DCL, where a MACRO routine is calling a C routine.

#### .IF DF IA64

.ENDC

JSB

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; dispatch to the action routine

#### Lock Pages in Working Set

DCL\$FID\_TO\_NAME

- SYS\$LKWSET and SYS\$LKWSET\_64 system services runtime behavior has been modified
  - The entire image, not the specified range of pages, is locked
  - Consider using LIB\$LOCK\_IMAGE and LIB\$UNLOCK\_IMAGE for simplicity

# Condition Handlers Use of SS\$\_HPARITH



On OpenVMS Alpha, SS\$\_HPARITH is signaled for a number of arithmetic error conditions. On OpenVMS I64, SS\$\_HPARITH is never signaled for arithmetic error conditions; instead, the more specialized SS\$\_FLTINV and SS\$\_FLTDIV error codes are signaled on OpenVMS I64.

Update condition handlers to detect these more specialized error codes. In order to keep code common for both architectures, wherever the code refers to SS\$\_HPARITH, extend it for OpenVMS I64 to also consider SS\$\_FLTINV and SS\$\_FLTDIV.



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#### Up yours!

Quotas and process settings

- OpenVMS I64 images are much larger, sometimes 3x-4x
- Ensure your pgflquo and bytlm are (at least) 4x-10x your Alpha settings.
  - \$ set default sys\$system
  - \$ run authorize
  - UAF> mod your\_account/pgflquo=nnnnn
  - UAF> mod your\_account/bytlm=nnnnn



#### THREADS

- THREADCP tool was not ported to OpenVMS I64
  - Relink to change threads related characteristics of an image
  - Use the new SET IMAGE command
- If your application increases the stack size for a thread from the default size, you should increase it more

HP recommends starting with an increase of three 8-Kb pages (24576 bytes).

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#### There is more.....

- The topics covered so far are the most common issues seen by people porting their applications. Here is a list of less common (and much more complicated) issues.
- We adopted Intel's calling standard. Code with knowledge about the calling standards will have to change
  - Stack/frame walking the code will need to be modified to use the new LIB\$\*\_INVO\_\* routines
  - Home grown stack switching/threading the code will need to be ported to use KPs
- We adopted the ELF/DWARF formats. Code with knowledge about image format and debug format will have to change
  - Calling LIB\$FIND\_IMAGE\_SYMBOL and friends does not count. The LIB\$ routines were modified to support the new formats



## Reading EXE and OBJ files

- Use ANALYZE/IMAGE vs. parsing the EXE file.
- We are looking at adding a callable interface into SHOW/SET image.

| ANALYZE/IMAGE                 | DCL Symbol that is set         | Sample Value           |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|
| /SELECT=ARCHITECTURE          | ANALYZE\$ARCHITECTURE          | OpenVMS IA64           |
| /SELECT=NAME                  | ANALYZE\$NAME                  | "DECC\$COMPILER"       |
| /SELECT=IDENTIFICATION=IMAGE  | ANALYZE\$IDENTIFICATION        | "C T7.1-003"           |
| /SELECT=IDENTIFICATION=LINKER | ANALYZE\$LINKER_IDENTIFICATION | "Linker 102-08"        |
| /SELECT=LINK_TIME             | ANALYZE\$LINK_TIME             | "6/29/2004 4:26:35 PM" |
| /SELECT=FILE_TYPE             | ANALYZE\$FILE_TYPE             | Image                  |
| /SELECT=IMAGE_TYPE            | ANALYZE\$IMAGE_TYPE            | Executable             |

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### Infrastructure changes in OpenVMS V8.2

- We made changes to some system level data structures in OpenVMS V8.2 (Alpha and I64)
- Benefits
  - Laying the foundation for scalability and performance improvements in future releases of OpenVMS
- Impact to applications
  - Non-privileged applications are not affected
  - Applications that access the modified data structures in non-standard ways may need to be modified
    - Examples: hard-coded data structure sizes and assumptions about the relative locations of fields within a data structure





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- Porting Overview
- Conditionalized code
- IEEE Floating-Point
- Build tools
- Miscellaneous topics

#### Using the XDELTA debugger

• Next steps...

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| Debugging using XDELTA  |
|---|
| <ul> <li>The system must be booted with XDELTA.</li> <li>From the EFI shell <ul> <li>SHELL&gt; SET VMS_FLAGS "0,3" (bit 1 should be set)</li> </ul> </li> <li>The SYSGEN parameter BREAKPOINTS must be set to allow breaking in user, super or exec mode</li> </ul> |
| <ul> <li>Add breakpoints to your code         <ul> <li>Macro</li> <li>ia64_break</li> <li>#break\$c_dbg_inibrk</li> <li>C</li> <li>_break(BREAK\$C_DBG_INIBRK);</li> </ul> </li> </ul>  |
| I64> r ast<br>Brk 0 at 00010030 on CPU 0<br>00010030! break.m 080003 (New IPL = 0) (New mode = USER)<br>00010031! add r12 = 3FFC, r12 ;P  |
| Have funyou might want to boot with VAXCLUSTER set to 0 to prevent a clustered system from crashing with  |

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- Once the port of the application has been completed, you might want to look at alignment faults
  - Alignment faults are expensive on Alpha but are 100 times more expensive on IA64
  - The DEBUG SET MODULE/ALL command used to take 90 seconds. After fixing some alignment faults, it now takes 2 seconds.
  - DCL procedures takes approx. 10% less time to execute after fixing alignment faults in DCL.
  - You may detect alignment faults using FLT extension in SDA or using SET BREAK/ALIGN option in the debugger
  - Some alignment faults are easy to fix, some are very hard and some are close to impossible.







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- OpenVMS Migration Software for HP AlphaServer Systems to HP Integrity Servers (OMSAIS)
- Utility that translates executables and shareable images from Alpha to I64
- Supports translation of images written in: C, C++, Fortran, COBOL, BLISS, MACRO-32, MACRO-64

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OMSAIS

- OMSAIS includes two components:
  - AEST (Alpha Environment Software Translator)
  - TIE (Translated Image Environment)
- TIE provides run-time support for translated images
  - Integrated into V8.2-1
  - Separate download for V8.2

• Free download available from:

http://h71000.www7.hp.com/openvms/products/omsva/omsais.html



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  - -John Reagan
  - -Jeff Nelson
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#### Integrity Servers – Hardware Overview



- No "Vax like" or "Alpha like" console
- Has multiple consoles:
  - -Management Processor (MP)
  - -Baseboard Management Console (BMC)
  - Both attempt to be common across the entire hardware range
- Uses Extensible Firmware Interface (EFI) rather than BIOS.



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#### MP console

- Runs with box level power, even with system off.
- Local, remote (modem) and network connectivity
- Console configuration (terminal type, etc.)
- Network configuration (hostname, IP address, etc.)
- Multiple console sessions (one writer, many readers)
- Provides ability to copy files over the netwrok (firmware updates)

## BMC



- Local connectivity (9 pin serial)
- Power up, self tests
- Device detection
- Console configuration
- No graphics console

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|---|---|--|
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- Mini operating system
- FAT formatted file system (FAT12, FAT16 and FAT32), VMS presents FAT16 partition to EFI

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- Boot menu and defaults
- Environment variables (VMS\_FLAGS, etc.)
- VMS\_LOADER.EFI finds and loads IPB.EXE
- IPB.EXE understands the OpenVMS file system, EFI doesanot update Days



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#### Boot and Device detection

- EFI boot loader from FAT partition (hidden as a container file on the system disk)
- Boot flags passed through environment variables
- Reads executive into memory
- Passes control to the executive
- The system uses ACPI (Advanced Configuration and Power Interface) for device detection by the firmware
- Devices appear as a set of CSRs (Control and Status Registers) in physical memory – the I/O space.

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#### **Boot and Device detection**

- Devices have interrupt vectors which connect a device interrupt request to the device driver interrupt service routine. Device data obtained from ACPI data.
- ACPI data indicates device type.
- SYSMAN IO AUTO will query ACPI data to find devices and set up OpenVMS device drivers to communicate with the hardware
- Now Let's take a look, how the past 6 slides look at real life....



| F1    | F2        | F3        | F4      | F5 | F6 | F7 | F8 | F9 | F10 | F11 | F1 |
|-------|-----------|-----------|---------|----|----|----|----|----|-----|-----|----|
| 420-7 | 24:16 Eng | Caps Hold | On Line |    |    |    |    |    |     |     |    |
|       |           |           |         |    |    |    |    |    |     |     |    |



| A PowerTerm 420/32 - TELNET (16.190.232.91)  |         |
|--|---------|
| File Edit Terminal Communication Options Macro Script Help   |         |
|  |         |
|  | ~       |
| Topaz XH4U (U8.2)  |         |
| UB.1 (JANS SSB)  |         |
| EFI Shell [Built-in]   |         |
| Boot uption naintenance nenu   |         |
| System configuration nenu  |         |
|  |         |
| lise ^ and u to change ontion(s). lise Enter to select an ontion   |         |
| Inadina : FFT Shell [Built=in]   |         |
| FFT Shell version 1.10 [14.61]   |         |
| Nevice wanning table   |         |
| fsA : Acni (HUPAAA2.1AA)/Pci (11A)/Scsi (PunA.1unA)/HD(Part1.Sin9A2ABAA1-115D-11D9-BREE-AAAAA4AAFEFE)  |         |
| fst : Acpi (HIP9002, 100)/Pci (110)/Scsi (Punt, Lun0)/HD (Parti, Sig5188AC91)  |         |
| fs2 : Acpi (HAP0002,100)/Pci (111)/Scsi (Pun2,Lun0)/HD (Part1,Sig51089BA1-B9FE-11D8-B52C-AA0009400FEFF)  |         |
| blk0 : Acpi(HWP0002,0)/Pci(210)/Ata(Primary,Master)  |         |
| blk1 + Acpi (HAP8082, 188)/Pci (118)/Scsi (Pun8, Lun8)   |         |
| b1k2 : Acpi (HAP0002, 100)/Pci (110)/Scsi (Pun0,Lun0)/HD (Part1,Sig9A2AB0A1-115D-11D9-B8EF-AA000400FEFF)   |         |
| b1k3 : Acpi (HAP9092, 100)/Pci (110)/Scsi (Pun1,Lun0)  |         |
| blk4 : Acpi (HAP9092, 100)/Pci (110)/Scsi (Punt,Lun0)/HD (Partt,Sig5188AC91)   |         |
| b1k5 : Acpi (HAP0002, 100)/Pci (111)/Scsi (Pun2,Lun0)  |         |
| blk6 : Acpi(HAP0002,100)/Pci(111)/Scsi(Pun2,Lun0)/HD(Part1,Sig51089BA1-B9FE-11D8-B52C-AA000400FEFF)  |         |
| blk7 : Acpi(HAP0002,100)/Pci(111)/Scsi(Pun2,Lun0)/HD(Part2,Sig51089BA0-B9FE-11D8-B52B-AA000400FEFF)  |         |
| blk8 : Acpi(HAP0002,100)/Pci(111)/Scsi(Pun2,Lun0)/HD(Part3,Sig51089BA1-B9FE-11D8-B52B-AA000400FEFF)  |         |
| fs0:\>   |         |
|  |         |
|  | ~       |
| F1         F2         F3         F4         F5         F6         F7         F8         F9         F10         F11           VT420-7         24:8         Enn         Cans         Hold         On line         F10         F11         F11 <td>F12</td> | F12     |
|  | A 10.15 |
|  | 2 10:16 |

| 🛎 PowerTerm 420/32 - TELNET (16.190.232.91)                   |                      |        |       |        |            |     |                        | - 7 🗙      |
|---|----------------------|--------|-------|--------|------------|-----|------------------------|------------|
| File Edit Terminal Communication Options Macro Scrip          | : Help               |        |       |        |            |     |                        |            |
| 🐠 🖳 🔣 🗗 🛍 🖾 🖾 📾 🔤 🕫   | 32 🚊 🔳 🔳 🛛           | S U 🤋  |       |        |            |     |                        |            |
|   | , <u> </u>           |        |       |        |            |     |                        | ~          |
| fs0:\> cd efi   |                      |        |       |        |            |     |                        |            |
| fs0:\efi> cd vns  |                      |        |       |        |            |     |                        |            |
| <mark>fs0</mark> :\efi\vns> dir<br>Directory of: fs0:\efi\vns |                      |        |       |        |            |     |                        |            |
| 09/27/04 09:44a <dir> 2,048</dir>                             |                      |        |       |        |            |     |                        |            |
| 09/27/04 09:44a <dir> 2,048</dir>                             |                      |        |       |        |            |     |                        |            |
| 09/27/04 09:44a <dir> 2,048</dir>                             | tools                |        |       |        |            |     |                        |            |
| 09/27/04 09:44a 3,102,720                                     | ipb.exe              |        |       |        |            |     |                        |            |
| 09/27/04 09:44a <dir> 2,048</dir>                             | update               |        |       |        |            |     |                        |            |
| 09/27/04 09:44a 838,656                                       | vns_loader.efi       |        |       |        |            |     |                        |            |
| 09/27/04 09:44a 244,224                                       | vns_bcfg.efi         |        |       |        |            |     |                        |            |
| 09/27/04 09:44a 218,112                                       | v <b>n</b> s_set.efi |        |       |        |            |     |                        |            |
| 09/27/04 09:44a 215,040                                       | vns_show.efi         |        |       |        |            |     |                        |            |
| 5 File(s) 4,618,752 bytes                                     |                      |        |       |        |            |     |                        |            |
| 4 Dir(s)  |                      |        |       |        |            |     |                        |            |
|   |                      |        |       |        |            |     |                        |            |
|   |                      |        |       |        |            |     |                        |            |
| tsU:\efi\vns>   |                      |        |       |        |            |     |                        |            |
|   |                      |        |       |        |            |     |                        |            |
| E1 E2 E2 E4   | 55                   | EC     | 57    | EO     | 50         | E10 | E11                    | <b>F12</b> |
| VT420-7 24:15 Eng Caps Hold On Line                           | F5                   | го     | F/    | Fo     | r3         | FIU | FII                    | FIZ        |
| 🦺 start 🔰 😂 🖸 🔟 🖬 🛎 🎯 🕴 💻 Po                                  | N 📕 Pow              | 🕑 Inbo | A Pow | C Micr | <b>200</b> |     | <b>Տ@</b> Գ <b>⊕</b> ե | ا:17       |
|   |                      |        |       |        |            |     |                        |            |



### Conditionalized code Sample Fortran 90 program



#### COM file

#### Language file

```
$!
$! Note: F90 not available on VAX
$!
$ if f$getsyi("ARCH_NAME") .EQS.
  "IA64"
$ then
$
      f90/define=IA64 archdef_for
$ else
$ if f$getsyi("ARCH_NAME") .EQS.
  "Alpha"
$ then
       f90/define=ALPHA
Ś
  archdef_for
$ endif
$ endif
$ endif
$ link archdef for
```

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!

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#### Conditionalized code Sample Basic program

COM file

```
$!! if you VAX or Alpha system is older,
ARCH_NAME may not be accepted
```

- \$!! by f\$getsyi... ARCH\_TYPE (1-VAX, 2=Alpha, 3=IA64) will be...
- \$ open/write out sys\$disk:[]archdef.basic\_include \$ write out "%LET %ARCH\_TYPE =
- ",f\$getsyi("arch\_type")
- \$ close out
- \$ purge sys\$disk:[]archdef.basic\_include
- \$ basic archdef\_bas
- \$ link archdef\_bas
- \$ exit



| %INCLUDE | "sys\$disk:[]archdef.basic_include" |
|----------|-------------------------------------|
| program  | archdef_bas                         |

end program

#### Conditionalized code Sample Cobol program



#### COM file

#### Language file

```
$!
$ if f$getsyi("ARCH_NAME") .EQS. "IA64"
$ then
       cobol/conditional=I archdef_cob
$
$ else
$ if f$getsyi("ARCH_NAME") .EQS. "VAX"
$ then
       cobol/conditional=V archdef_cob
Ś
$ else
$ if f$getsyi("ARCH_NAME") .EQS. "Alpha"
$ then
       cobol/conditional=A archdef_cob
$
$ endif
$ endif
$ endif
```

| identif | ication division.               |
|---------|---------------------------------|
| program | -id. HW.                        |
| environ | ment division.                  |
| data di | vision.                         |
| procedu | re division.                    |
| pl.     | display "Hello World".          |
| \A      | display "Running on Alpha".     |
| \V      | display "Running on VAX".       |
| /I      | display "Running on Integrity". |
|         |                                 |
|         | stop run.                       |
|         |                                 |
|         |                                 |
|         |                                 |

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